## **CLAIMS**

## We claim:

- 1. A beauty-wash product composition for delivery of enhanced visual benefits to the skin with specific optical attributes comprising:
  - (a) from about 0.5% to about 90% of by wt. surfactant;
  - (b) from 0.1 to 35% by wt. of solid particulate optical modifier which exhibits a specific set of optical properties, defined by ΔL, Δa\*, Δb\*, change in reflectivity and/or change in opacity, and which, in combination with a deposition enhancement system, provides at least 5% change in at least one of said optical properties being targeted when said composition is applied to the skin;
  - (c) from 0.01% to 30% by wt. of a titanium dioxide particle having size of about to 100 nm to 300 nm;
  - (d) from 2to 25% by wt. of a deposition enhancement system, wherein, the deposition enhancement system enhances delivery to the skin of a target visual attribute by the optical modifier relative to a composition that has the same surfactant and optical modifier at the same concentration and that does not have the deposition enhancement system; and
  - (e) from about 0.1% to 45% of a hydrophilic structural dispersant .
- 2. A composition according to claim 1 wherein the optical attribute affected by change of at least 5% in at least one of said optical properties is chosen from skin shine, skin lightness, skin color, skin glow, skin radiance, skin optical uniformity, skin evenness and mixtures thereof.
- 3. A composition according to claim 1, comprising 20% to 75% by wt. surfactant.
- 4. A composition according to claim 1 wherein the skin site wherein the delivery of optical benefits is targeted is skin plateaus and/or crevices in skin.

- 5. A composition according to claim 1, comprising 0.2% to 25% by wt. optical modifier.
- 6. A composition according to claim 1 providing change in lightening or whitening, wherein delivery of modifier provides change in defined values as noted below:

 $\Delta L$  of from 0 to  $\pm 10$  L units, wherein L units are defined by Hunter Lab Color Meter;

 $\Delta a^*$  of from 0 to  $\pm 10$  a\* units, wherein a\* units are defined by Hunter Lab Color Meter;

 $\Delta b^*$  of from 0 to ±10 b\* units, wherein b\* units are defined by Hunter Lab Color Meter;

change in opacity of 0 to  $\pm 50\%$  measured by opacity contrast, wherein said contrast is defined by  $\Delta L$  divided by 60;

wherein  $\Delta$  reflectance is  $\leq$ 10%,  $\Delta$ reflectance being measured as change in gloss where gloss is measured in a gloss meter;

wherein at least L has a change of at least 5% from initial value prior to delivery of modifier.

- 7. A composition according to claim 1, wherein said optical modifier is a non colored or colored organic or inorganic material selected from organic pigments; inorganic pigments; polymers and fillers in turn selected from: titanium dioxide; zinc oxide; colored iron oxide; chromium oxide, hydroxide or hydrate; alumina; silica; zirconia; barium sulfate; silicates; alkaloid polymers and derivatives thereof; polyalkylene; nylon; ultramarine; alkaline earth carbonate; talc; sericite; natural and synthetic mica; platy substrate coated with organic and inorganic materials; bismuth oxychloride; and mixtures thereof:
- 8. A composition according to claim 1, wherein said optical modifier is a UV sunscreen material with a  $D_{50}$  <100 nanometers;

9. A composition according to claim 1, said optical modifier is defined as follows:

Exterior surface with refractive index of 1.3 to 4.0;

- (a) geometry which is spheriodal, platy or cylindrical;;
- (b) D<sub>50</sub> of ≤200 microns particle size;
- (c) color which is obtained fluorescence color, absorption and/or interference color.
- 10. A composition according to claim 8 wherein the particulate optical modifier is further defined by:
  - (a) an exterior surface of refractive index 1.3 to 4.0;
  - (b) geometry which are platy or spheroidal;
  - (c) diversions of spheroidal particles of 0.1 to 1 $\mu$ m; and diversion of platty particles 1 to 30  $\mu$ m;
  - (d)  $D_{50}$  of  $\leq 30$  microns in particle size; and
  - (e) color by florescence, absorption and/or interference.
- 11. A composition according to claim 1, wherein the deposition system comprises:
  - (a) to 1% by wt. cationic polymer or polymers having an average charge density ≥1 Meq/gram; and
  - (b) to 30% by wt. anionic surfactant which forms precipitate with cationic polymer upon dilution.
- 12. A composition according to claim 11, wherein the precipitate is a floc which can be broken upon shear or rubbing to form a uniform and dispersed film on surface of skin.

- 13. A composition according to claim 11, wherein said anionic is  $C_{10}$  to  $C_{24}$  fatty acid soap, alkyl taurate, sulfosuccinate, alkyl sulfate, glycinate, sarcosinate or mixture thereof.
- 14. A composition according to claim 11, wherein said cationic polymer is selected from polyquaternium 6, polyquaternium 7, polyquaternium 16, quartenized vinyl pyrrolidone/methacrylate copolymers, hydroxypropylguar gums and mixtures thereof.
- 15. A composition according to claim 11, additionally comprising about 0.1 to 30% by wt. of a granular anionic polymer which is a natural alkaloid polymer.
- 16. A composition according to claim 15, wherein said polymer is starch and derivatives, cellulose and derivatives and mixtures thereof.
- 17. A composition according to claim 1, wherein the deposition enhancement system comprises:
  - i. from about 0.1% to about 10% of a anionic polymer or polymers having an average charge density of at least 1.0 Meg/g.
  - ii. from about 0.1% about 30% of a cationic surfactant which forms a precipitate with the anionic polymer upon dilution;
- 18. A composition according to claim 17, wherein the precipitate is floc which can be broken up upon shear or rubbing and form a uniform and dispersed film on the surface of the skin.
- 19. A composition according to claim 17 wherein the cationic surfactant is selected from the group consisting of quaternary amine surfactants, amphoteric surfactants and mixtures thereof.

- 20. A composition according to claim 19, wherein amphoteric surfactants are betaines.
- 21. A composition according to claim 17, wherein the anionic polymer is selected from the group consisting of polyacrylates, crosslinked polyacrylates, polyurethanes, alkaloid derived polymers and mixtures thereof.
- 22. A composition according to claim 17, additionally comprising about 0.1% to about 30% of a granular anionic polymer which is a natural alkaloid polymer.
- 23. A composition according to claim 1, wherein the deposition enhancement system comprises:
  - i. from about 0.1% to about 30% of an anionic, cationic, amphoteric nonionic surfactants and combinations thereof, and
  - ii. from about 0.1% to about 30% of a hydrophobicly modified anionic, cationic amphoteric polymer where upon dilution forms a hydrogel or gel emulsion precipitate.
- 24. A composition according to claim 23, wherein the precipitate is a floc which can be broken up upon shear or rubbing and form a uniform and dispersed film on the surface of the skin.
- 25. A composition according to claim 7, wherein optical particles of interest contain a surface modification selected from amino acids, proteins, fatty acids, lipids, phospholipids, anionic and/or cationic oligemers/polymers and mixtures thereof.
- 26. A composition according to claim 1, wherein the particles are dispersed on the skin in that less than 30% of the particles have a size of 10 times or more than the  $D_{50}$  particle size as measured by optical microscopy.